IN THE CLAIMS:

A complete listing of the Claims is set forth below. Please amend the Claims as

follows:

1 – 18. **(Cancelled)**.

19. (Currently Amended) A computer-implemented method for inventory

management, the method performed using a computer system comprising one or more

processing units and one or more memory units, the method comprising:

using the computer system, determining a first cumulative demand value for each

of a plurality of time windows within a first planning horizon, the first cumulative demand

value for a time window representing a cumulative demand for at least one product over

the time window and all previous time windows in the first planning horizon;

using the computer system, determining a first forecasted production quantity

value for the first planning horizon using a first total forecasted demand value that

represents total demand for the product during the first planning horizon, the first

forecasted production quantity value representing an estimated quantity of the product

to be manufactured during each time window of the first planning horizon;

using the computer system, determining a cumulative production value for each

time window of the first planning horizon using the first forecasted production quantity

value; value, the cumulative production value for a time window representing a

cumulative quantity of the product that can be manufactured over the time window and

all previous time windows in the first planning horizon;

using the computer system, determining a first lean buffer stock value using the

first cumulative demand values and the cumulative production values for the first

planning horizon, the first lean buffer stock value representing a quantity of the product

to use as a lean buffer stock for the first planning horizon;

using the computer system, determining a second cumulative demand value for

each of a plurality of time windows within a second planning horizon preceding the first

planning horizon;

using the computer system, determining a second forecasted production quantity value for the second planning horizon using the first lean buffer stock value and a

second total forecasted demand value that represents total demand for the product

during the second planning horizon;

using the computer system, determining a cumulative production value for each

time window of the second planning horizon using the second forecasted production

quantity value;

using the computer system, determining a second lean buffer stock value using

the second cumulative demand values and the cumulative production values for the

second planning horizon, the second lean buffer stock value representing a quantity of

the product to use as a lean buffer stock for the second planning horizon; and

using the computer system, making the first and second lean buffer stock values

available for use in manufacturing the product.

20. (Currently Amended) Software for inventory management, the software

embodied in at least one computer-readable medium and, when executed on a

computer system comprising one or more processing units and one or more memory

units, operable to:

using the computer system, determine a first cumulative demand value for each

of a plurality of time windows within a first planning horizon, the <u>first</u> cumulative demand

value for a time window representing a cumulative demand for at least one product over

the time window and all previous time windows in the first planning horizon;

using the computer system, determine a first forecasted production quantity

value for the first planning horizon using a first total forecasted demand value that

represents total demand for the product during the first planning horizon, the first

forecasted production quantity value representing an estimated quantity of the product

to be manufactured during each time window of the first planning horizon;

using the computer system, determine a cumulative production value for each

time window of the first planning horizon using the first forecasted production quantity

value; value, the cumulative production value for a time window representing a

cumulative quantity of the product that can be manufactured over the time window and

all previous time windows in the first planning horizon;

using the computer system, determine a first lean buffer stock value using the

first cumulative demand values and the cumulative production values for the first

planning horizon, the first lean buffer stock value representing a quantity of the product

to use as a lean buffer stock for the first planning horizon;

using the computer system, determine a second cumulative demand value for

each of a plurality of time windows within a second planning horizon preceding the first

planning horizon;

using the computer system, determine a second forecasted production quantity

value for the second planning horizon using the first lean buffer stock value and a

second total forecasted demand value that represents total demand for the product

during the second planning horizon;

Response to Office Action Attorney Docket No. 020431.0788 Serial No. 09/832,576 using the computer system, determine a cumulative production value for each time window of the second planning horizon using the second forecasted production quantity value;

using the computer system, determine a second lean buffer stock value using the <u>second</u> cumulative demand values and the cumulative production values for the second planning horizon, the second lean buffer stock value representing a quantity of the product to use as a lean buffer stock for the second planning horizon; and

using the computer system, make the first and second lean buffer stock values available for use in manufacturing the product.

21. (Currently Amended) A computer-implemented system for inventory

management, comprising:

computer memory containing:

a <u>first</u> cumulative demand value for each of a plurality of time windows

within a first planning horizon, the first cumulative demand value for a time window

representing a cumulative demand for at least one product over the time window and all

previous time windows in the first planning horizon; and

a <u>second</u> cumulative demand value for each of a plurality of time windows

within a second planning horizon preceding the first planning horizon; and

one or more computer processors collectively operable to:

determine a first forecasted production quantity value for the first planning

horizon using a first total forecasted demand value that represents total demand for the

product during the first planning horizon, the first forecasted production quantity value

representing an estimated quantity of the product to be manufactured during each time

window of the first planning horizon;

determine a cumulative production value for each time window of the first

planning horizon using the first forecasted production quantity value; value, the

cumulative production value for a time window representing a cumulative quantity of the

product that can be manufactured over the time window and all previous time windows

in the first planning horizon;

determine a first lean buffer stock value using the first cumulative demand

values and the cumulative production values for the first planning horizon, the first lean

buffer stock value representing a quantity of the product to use as a lean buffer stock for

the first planning horizon;

determine a second forecasted production quantity value for the second

planning horizon using the first lean buffer stock value and a second total forecasted

demand value that represents total demand for the product during the second planning

horizon;

determine a cumulative production value for each time window of the

second planning horizon using the second forecasted production quantity value;

determine a second lean buffer stock value using the second cumulative

demand values and the cumulative production values for the second planning horizon,

the second lean buffer stock value representing a quantity of the product to use as a

lean buffer stock for the second planning horizon; and

make the first and second lean buffer stock values available for use in

manufacturing the product.

22 - 24. (Cancelled).

25. (New) The method of Claim 19, wherein determining the first lean buffer

stock value comprises:

determining a difference between the first cumulative demand value and the

cumulative production value for each time window; and

selecting the largest positive difference among all the time windows as the first

lean buffer stock value.

26. (New) The method of Claim 19, wherein determining the second lean

buffer stock value comprises:

determining a difference between the second cumulative demand value and the

cumulative production value for each time window; and

selecting the largest positive difference among all the time windows as the

second lean buffer stock value.

27. (New) The method of Claim 19, wherein the cumulative production value

is determined by summing the first forecasted production quantity values over the

particular time window and all previous time windows in the first planning horizon.

Response to Office Action Attorney Docket No. 020431.0788 Serial No. 09/832,576 Page 7 28. (New) The method of Claim 27, wherein the first forecasted production

quantity value is determined by dividing the first total forecasted demand value

representing a first total forecasted demand for the product over all time windows by the

number of time windows.

29. (New) The method of Claim 19, wherein cumulative production value is

determined by summing the second forecasted production quantity values over the

particular time window and all previous time windows in the second planning horizon.

30. (New) The method of Claim 29, wherein the second forecasted production

quantity value is determined by dividing the second total forecasted demand value

representing a second total forecasted demand for the product over all time windows by

the number of time windows.

31. (New) The software of Claim 20, wherein the software is operable to

determine the first lean buffer stock value by:

determining a difference between the first cumulative demand value and the

cumulative production value for each time window; and

selecting the largest positive difference among all the time windows as the first

lean buffer stock value.

32. (New) The software of Claim 20, wherein the software is operable to

determine the second lean buffer stock value by:

determining a difference between the second cumulative demand value and the

cumulative production value for each time window; and

selecting the largest positive difference among all the time windows as the

second lean buffer stock value.

Response to Office Action Attorney Docket No. 020431.0788 Serial No. 09/832,576 33. (New) The software of Claim 20, wherein the software is operable to

determine the cumulative production value by summing the first forecasted production

quantity values over the particular time window and all previous time windows in the first

planning horizon.

34. (New) The software of Claim 33, wherein the software is further operable

to determine the first forecasted production quantity value by dividing the first total

forecasted demand value representing a first total forecasted demand for the product

over all time windows by the number of time windows.

35. (New) The software of Claim 20, wherein the software is operable to

determine the cumulative production value by summing the second forecasted

production quantity values over the particular time window and all previous time

windows in the second planning horizon.

36. (New) The software of Claim 35, wherein the software is further operable

to determine the second forecasted production quantity value by dividing the second

total forecasted demand value representing a second total forecasted demand for the

product over all time windows by the number of time windows.

37. (New) The system of Claim 21, wherein the processor is operable to

determine the first lean buffer stock value by:

determining a difference between the first cumulative demand value and the

cumulative production value for each time window; and

selecting the largest positive difference among all the time windows as the first

lean buffer stock value.

38. (New) The system of Claim 21, wherein the processor is operable to

determine the second lean buffer stock value by:

determining a difference between the second cumulative demand value and the

cumulative production value for each time window; and

selecting the largest positive difference among all the time windows as the

second lean buffer stock value.

39. (New) The system of Claim 21, wherein the processor is operable to

determine the cumulative production value by summing the first forecasted production

quantity values over the particular time window and all previous time windows in the first

planning horizon.

40. (New) The system of Claim 39, wherein the processor is further operable

to determine the first forecasted production quantity value by dividing the first total

forecasted demand value representing a first total forecasted demand for the product

over all time windows by the number of time windows.

41. (New) The system of Claim 21, wherein the processor is operable to

determine the cumulative production value by summing the second forecasted

production quantity values over the particular time window and all previous time

windows in the second planning horizon.

42. (New) The system of Claim 41, wherein the processor is further operable

to determine the second forecasted production quantity value by dividing the second

total forecasted demand value representing a second total forecasted demand for the

product over all time windows by the number of time windows.

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